#### A MUST-LEARN LIST OF 50 MOST COMMON PHRASAL VERBS

1) ACCOUNT FOR

- a) To make up, form or constitute = Oluşturmak, sebebi olmak
- b) To provide an explanation = Açıklamak

**Example**: Bad weather <u>accounted for</u> the long delay.

The suspect couldn't account for what he was doing that night.

2) ADD UP

- a) To be consistent and make sense = Tutarlı olmak, bir anlam ifade etmek
- b) To calculate = Hesaplamak

**Example**: The witness's testimony simply did not add up.

3) BREAK OUT

a) To develop suddenly and forcefully = Patlak vermek

**Example:** People fear that another world war might <u>break out</u> soon.

4) BREAK DOWN

- a) To cause to collapse; destroy = Mahvetmek, yıkmak
- b) To fail to function = Bozulmak, çalışamaz hale gelmek

**Example**: The elevator <u>broke down</u>, so we had to climb up the stairs.

5) BREAK THROUGH

a) To make a sudden, quick advance, as through an obstruction = İlerlemek, başarmak

**Example**: Despite all the obstacles, he managed to break through.

BRING ABOUT

a) To cause someting to happen = Sebep olmak, yol açmak

**Example**: The King's speech <u>brought about</u> a change in public opinion.

7) BRING DOWN

- a) To cause to collapse or fall = Çökertmek, yıkmak
- b) To cause to lose power = Gücünden, iktidarından etmek

**Example**: We hired a demolition crew to <u>bring down</u> the <u>building</u>.

The scandal brought down the prime minister.

8) BRING OUT

- a) To reveal or expose = İfşa etmek, açığa çıkarmak
- b) To produce or publish = Yayınlamak

**Example**: The spy brought out all the plan behind his actions.

These days, I am excited to bring out a new book.

9) BRING UP

- a) To educate or rear a child, an animal or a plant = Yetiştirmek, büyütmek
- b) To introduce into discussion = Gündeme taşımak
- c) To vomit = İstifra etmek, kusmak

**Example**: I was <u>brought up</u> by my grandparents.

The party spokesperson says he will bring up the issue of gender equality soon.

When he saw the fly in the soup, he couldn't help bringing up.



- a) To appear = Görünmek, belirmek
- b) To require, demand = Talep etmek, gerektirmek

**Example**: This is a sort of work that <u>calls for</u> patience.

#### CALL OFF

- a) To cancel = İptal etmek
- b) To restrain = Dizginlemek

**Example**: We <u>called off</u> the trip due to low attendance.

#### 12) CARRY OFF

- a) To cause the death off = Ölümüne sebep olmak
- b) To handle successfully = Başarı ile yürütmek

Example: The boy was carried off by fever.

#### 13) CARRY ON

a) To conduct, matintain, keep on = Sürdürmek, devam etmek

**Example**: They <u>carried on</u> thriving in this business.

## 14) CARRY OUT

- a) To put into effect = Yürürlüğe koymak, gerçekleştirmek
- b) To follow, make, do = Yapmak, yerine getirmek

**Example**: We just <u>carry out</u> instructions here.

15) COME ABOUT

- a) To take place, happen = Meydana gelmek
- b) To turn around = Dönmek, yön değiştirmek

**Example**: The accident <u>came about</u> at 5pm sharp yesterday.

COME ACROSS

a) To meet or find by chance = Rastlamak

**Example**: I <u>came across</u> my old college friends in town today.

17) COME ALONG

- a) To make advances to a goal; progress = (işlerin vb) Yolunda gitmek
- b) To show up; appear = Ortaya çıkmak

**Example**: Things are <u>coming along</u> fine.

Don't take the first offer that comes along.

18) COME OUT

- a) To become known = Herkes tarafından bilinmesi, ortaya çıkmak
- b) To be issued or brought out = Piyasaya çıkmak, yayımlanmak
- c) To end up, result = Sonlanmak

**Example**: The whole story <u>came out</u> at the trial.

The author's new book just came out.

#### 19) CUT DOWN

- a) To kill or strike down = Öldürmek
- b) To alter by removing extra fittings = Değişiklik yapmak, hazır hale getirmek
- c) To reduce the amount = Azaltmak, kısmak

**Example**: You should <u>cut down</u> on your intake of fatty foods.

# 20) CUT OFF

- a) To seperate from others, isolate = Yalnızlaştırmak, ayırmak, tecrit etmek
- b) To stop suddenly = Kesmek, birakmak

**Example**: He <u>cut</u> himself <u>off</u> the society in which he grew up and led a sedentary life.

## 21) DEAL WITH

- a) To concern = İlgilendirmek, alakalı olmak
- b) To cope with = Uğraşmak, başa çıkmak
- c) To behave in a specified way = İlgilenmek, muhattap olmak

**Example**: This book mostly <u>deals with</u> the Middle Ages.

I cannot deal with all this stress.

## 22) DO UP

- a) To adorn or dress lavishly = Donatmak, süslemek, giydirmek
- b) To fasten = Bağlamak, iliklemek

**Example**: The children were all <u>done up</u> in matching outfits.

Do up your shoelaces.

FALL OFF

a) To become less, decrease = Azalmak, düşmek

Example: Stock prices have fallen off.

FALL THROUGH

a) To fail = Başarısız olmak

**Example**: Our plans <u>fell through</u> at the last minute.

25) GET ACROSS

- a) To make understandable or clear = Anlaşılır kılmak
- b) To be convincing or understandable = Fikirlerini karşı tarafa aktarmak, iletmek

**Example**: I tried to get my point across during my presentation.

GET ALONG

- a) To be or continue to be on harmonious terms = Anlaşmak, uyumlu olmak
- b) To manage = (Belli bir miktar para vb ile) İdare etmek
- c) To make progress = İlerleme kat etmek

**Example**: I can get along with my new colleagues.

Are you getting along with your project?

GET OVER

a) To recover from = Atlatmak, iyileşmek

**Example**: He finally got over the divorce.

GIVE AWAY

- a) To offer or provide at no cost to the recipient = Ücretsiz sağlamak, vermek, dağıtmak
- b) To reveal or make known = İfşa etmek, ortaya çıkarmak, ele vermek

**Example**: The radio station gave away six tickets to the rock concert.

I stopped reading the book when my friend gave the ending away.

GIVE OUT

- a) To allow to be known; declare publicly = Herkese duyurmak
- b) To send forth; emit = Yaymak, salmak
- c) To distribute = Dağıtmak

**Example**: The website gave out the bad news.

We gave out the surplus food.

30) GIVE UP

- a) To surrender = Teslim olmak, pes etmek, ele vermek
- b) To cease to do or perform = Bırakmak, sonlandırmak
- c) To lose hope for = Umudunu kaybetmek

**Example**: The suspects gave themselves up.

He finally gave up smoking.

GO DOWN

- a) To drop below the horizon; set = Batmak
- b) To fall to the ground = Düşmek, çakılmak
- c) To decrease in cost or value = Değerinin düşmesi

**Example**: The sun went down.

GO OFF

- a) To undergo detonation; explode = Patlamak
- b) To make a noise; sound = Çalmak, ses çıkarması

**Example**: The bomb that was set under the bridge went off while the train was passing.

GO THROUGH

- a) To examine carefully = Gözden geçirmek
- b) To experience or be subjected to = Yaşamak, tecrübe etmek
- c) To perform = Sahnelemek, seslendirmek, oynamak

**Example**: The professor went through the students' papers.

The family went through hard times after the fire.

34) HOLD BACK

- a) To retain in one's possession or control = Saklamak, belli etmemek
- b) To impede the progress of = Engel olmak

**Example**: She held back some valuable information about the company accounts.

HOLD UP

- a) To obstruct or delay = Engellemek, alıkoymak
- b) To rob = Soymak
- c) To offer or present as an example = Örnek göstermek

**Example**: I was <u>help up</u> by traffic on my way to the airport.

36) LOOK UP

- a) To check the meaning of something = Sözlük, fihrist vb. bakmak, aramak
- b) To visit = Ziyaret etmek
- c) To become better, improve = Daha iyi olmak, iyileşmek, gelişmek

**Example**: You should <u>look</u> it <u>up</u> if you don't know the meaning of this word.

LOOK FOR

- a) To search, seek = Bulmaya çalışmak, aramak
- b) To expect = Umut etmek, beklemek

**Example**: A number of recent graduates are <u>looking for</u> a job these days.

38) LOOK INTO

a) To inquire into, investigate = Soruşturmak, incelemek

**Example**: The police are <u>looking into</u> the disturbance.

39) MAKE OUT

- a) To discern, see with difficulty = Seçmek, zar zor görmek
- b) To understand = Anlamak, kavramak
- c) To fill in = Doldurmak (form vb)

**Example:** I could barely make out the traffic lights through the rain.

40) MAKE UP

- a) To constitute, form = Oluşturmak
- b) To devise a fiction or falsehood: Uydurmak (yalan vb)
- c) To compensate = Telafi etmek

- d) To resolve a quarrel = Barışmak, uzlaşmak
- e) To apply cosmetics = Makyaj yapmak

**Example**: Ten years <u>make up</u> a decade.

You should work hard to make up for the lost time.

PUT ACROSS

a) To state so as to be understood = Aktarmaya çalışmak, iletmek

**Example**: She tried to <u>put</u> her views <u>across</u> during the meeting.

42) PUT ASIDE

- a) To stop using or considering = Kenara koymak, bir anlık vazgeçmek
- b) To forget about = Unutmak, yok saymak

**Example**: We <u>put aside</u> the idea of moving.

43) PUT FORTH/FORWARD

a) To propose for consideration = Öne sürmek

**Example:** The young manager <u>put forth</u> some novel ideas at the annual meeting.

44) PUT OFF

- a) To delay, postpone = Ertelemek
- b) To take off, discard = Çıkarmak (kıyafet vb)
- c) To repel or repulse = İğrendirmek, tiksindirmek, soğutmak

**Example**: You should never <u>put off</u> paying your debts or bills.

#### 45) PUT OUT

- a) To extinguish = Söndürmek
- b) To expel = Kovmak, defetmek
- c) To publish = Yayınlamak

**Example**: It took hours to <u>put out</u> the fire.

## 46) PUT THROUGH

- a) To bring to a successful end = Başarılı olmak, başarmak
- b) To cause to undergo = Sebeb olmak, (sikintiya vb) sokmak
- c) To obtain a connection = Telefon ile bağla(n)mak

**Example**: We <u>put</u> the project <u>through</u> on <u>time</u>.

He <u>put</u> me <u>through</u> a lot of trouble.

#### 47) TAKE AFTER

- a) To follow as an example = Yolundan gitmek
- b) To resemble = Benzemek

Example: John takes after his grandfather.

## 48) TAKE DOWN

- a) To bring to a lower position = Aşağı seviyelere çekmek
- b) To take apart, dismantle = Yıkmak, parçalara ayırmak

**Example**: They <u>took down</u> the old tree within minutes.

49) TAKE OVER

- a) To assume the control of = Devralmak, yönetimi ve sorumluluğu ele almak
- b) To become dominant = Hakim olmak, öne çıkmak

**Example**: She <u>took over</u> the job after he left.

50) TAKE UP

- a) To use up, occupy = Yer, zaman vb. kaplamak, yer almak, almak
- b) To absorb = Emmek, çekmek
- c) To raise, lift = Kaldırmak

**Example**: This restaurant <u>takes up</u> a superb location.